

# Lab - Spare Tire

Students: 1. \_\_\_\_\_  
2. \_\_\_\_\_  
3. \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Block: \_\_\_\_\_

## VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION

Year:	_____	Make:	_____
Model:	_____	Mileage:	_____
VIN Number:	_____		

## GETTING STARTED

- Find and remove your car's spare tire, jack and tire iron
  - Underneath the floor mat in the trunk
  - Mounted on the tailgate (SUVs for example)
  - Underneath the vehicle (trucks, for example)
- Make sure that the car is in gear (or in "park" if the car is an automatic) and the emergency brake is set
- The car should be parked on a flat piece of pavement
  - Do not attempt to change a flat if the car is on a slope or if it is sitting on dirt - the uneven ground may cause the car to fall! VERY DANGEROUS
- Block the tire opposite of the flat tire
  - Blocking the tire aids in preventing the car from rolling off the jack
  - If the left front tire is flat, place a brick or other large, heavy object behind the right rear tire
- Use the tire iron (the L-shaped bar that fits over the wheel nuts) to loosen but not remove each wheel nut (having the wheel on the ground helps hold the wheel while you loosen them)

**STOP!**

**INSTRUCTOR'S INITIALS:**

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## RAISING THE VEHICLE

- Place the jack underneath the car's jacking points
  - If you don't know where the proper jacking points are, look them up in the owner's manual, or ask your Instructor
- Most car jacks nowadays are a screw-type scissor jack, which expands when a knob at the end of the jack is turned by the provided metal hand crank
- Raise the jack until it contacts the car's frame and continue expanding the jack until the tire is off the ground

## INSTALLING THE SPARE

- Remove the Flat and Install the Spare
- Raise the car with the jack until the flat tire is completely raised off the ground

- Remove the wheel nuts completely
- Set the nuts aside in a secure location where they can't roll away (like the hub cap?)
- Position the spare tire over the wheel studs
  - It may help to balance the tire on your foot while moving it into position.
- HAND-THREAD each of the wheel nuts back on
  - Do not cross-thread them; they should screw on easily
- Make sure that the wheel is fitting flush against the brake hub and that all the lug nuts are threaded evenly
- Use the tire iron to snug the wheel nuts

**STOP!**

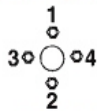
**INSTRUCTOR'S INITIALS:**

**LOWERING THE CAR**

- Carefully lower the jack
- Pull the jack away from the vehicle
- Tighten down the nuts evenly and completely - use a "criss-cross" tightening pattern
  - Always use a torque-wrench

**Typical Lug Nut Torque Specifications**

**Tighten Lug Nuts in a Criss-Cross Pattern for Best Equal Torque Distribution.**



**4 LUG**



**5 LUG**



**6 LUG**



**8 LUG**

Lug Size	Ft/Lbs Torque
7/16"	55-65
1/2"	75-85
9/16"	95-115
5/8"	135-145
12mm	72-80
14mm	85-95

**IMPORTANT NOTICE:** As with all types of wheels retorque lug nuts after the first 25 miles & at 100 mile intervals until lug torque is maintained.

**Note:** Always refer to Owner's Manual for proper factory specifications that take precedence over the listed recommendations.

- Put the flat tire in the space where the spare tire was and put the jack and tire iron back in the car
- Most compact spare tires are smaller than regular tires so might not fit in the spare tire well. Also, compact spares have a limited top speed. The tire's top speed will be written on its sidewall. If your vehicle has a full-size spare, you won't encounter these problems. With the spare installed, you should be able to reach your house or the nearest service station.

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Is the spare a "space-saver" and if so, what is it's maximum speed rating?

What type of jack did the vehicle come with?

**STOP!**

**INSTRUCTOR'S INITIALS:**