### **PROJECT – Nut Cracker**

#### Adapted from a set of plans by R Kenny

#### Purpose....

In this project you will produce a high-quality, precision, computer-designed nut cracker capable of gently and controllably cracking the shells off of nuts (rather than bashing the entire works into a bazillion pieces and then you're not really sure if you're eating nut or shell. Yuck).

#### Preparation....

MATERIALS:

For this project you will need the following:

147/1211/1201					
	•	3/8"	ROUND	mild steel	4" long
	•	1/2"	ROUND	cold rolled steel	4-1/2" long
	•	1"	ROUND	cold rolled steel	2-3/4" long
	•	1"	ROUND	aluminum	1" long
	•	1/2 x 1/2"	SQUARE	mild steel	2" long
	•	3/4 x 3/4"	SQUARE	mild steel	2-3/8" long
	•	1/2 x 1/8"	FLAT	mild steel	5" long
	•	1-1/2 x 1/4"	FLAT	mild steel	9" long

#### TOOLS:

 Scriber, ruler, machinist's square, and hacksaw

**ROUND** 

• File

1/8"

- Machine Lathe
- Milling machine

- Drill press
- Ball-pien hammer

3" long

- Bench vise
- Buffing wheel
- ARC, MIG, TIG or Gas welder

#### The Procedure....

The following parts will be fabricated:

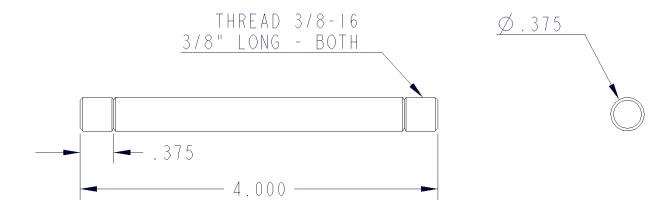
- 1. Handle
- 2. Ball
- 3. Block
- 4. U-Clip

5. Link

mild steel

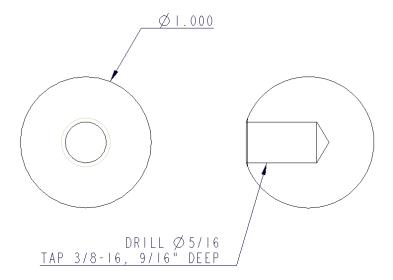
- 6. Support Block
- 7. Piston Cylinder
- 8. Threaded Cylinder
- 9. Piston
- 10. Adjusting Screw
- 11. Base

### PART 1 – The Handle

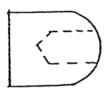


- CUT a 4" piece of 3/8" ROUND mild steel
- Use the LATHE to face off and chamfer both ends
- Using the LATHE TAILSTOCK with LIVE CENTER to support and hold true a 3/8-16 die, thread both ends of the material by turning the chuck BY HAND (NO POWER!!!), taking up slack with the TAILSTOCK

## PART 2 - The Ball



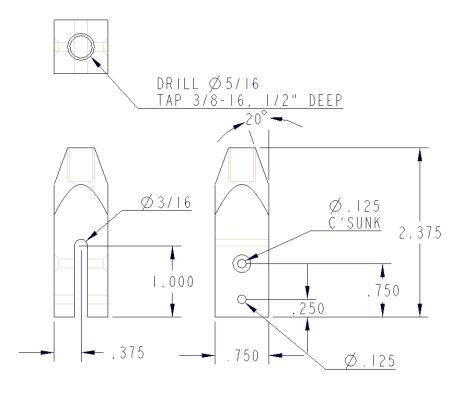
- Use a HACKSAW to cut 1" ALUMINUM ROUND to a length of 1"
- Use the LATHE to FACE one end
- Use the LATHE to center drill the faced end
- Use the LATHE to drill 5/16" to a depth of 9/16"
- Turn the drilled end to a semi-circle
- Use the TAILSTOCK to help center a 3/8-16 TAP and WITHOUT POWER start threading the hole (finish in a vise)
- Thread the ball onto the HANDLE you made previously, and hold HANDLE in lathe chuck
- Turn the other end into a semi-circle
- Use a FILE and SANDPAPER to smooth
- Use the BUFFING WHEEL to polish



### PART 3 – The Block

- Use a HACKSAW to cut a 2-3/8" length of 3/4 x 3/4 square bar.
- Use a FOUR-JAW CHUCK in a LATHE to face off both ends.
- Use a SCRIBER to draw an X corner-tocorner to help center the work in the chuck.

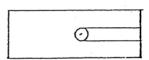




• Still using a FOUR-JAW CHUCK, drill the hole in the end (use a center drill, and then a pilot hole before drilling final size).

#### DO NOT REMOVE FROM THE CHUCK YET – YOU WANT TO TAPER NEXT!

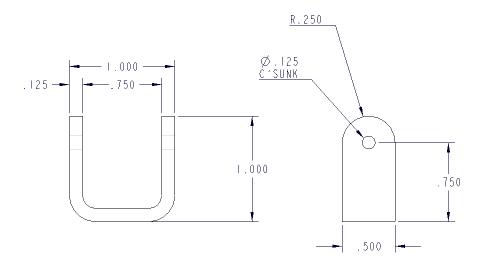
- Set the compound rest to 20° and machine the taper off the drilled end.
- Use the TAILSTOCK to help center a 3/8-16 TAP, and **WITHOUT POWER**, start threading the hole (finish in a vise).
- Layout, and punch all holes
- Use a DRILL PRESS to drill the two 1/8" holes all the way through. Countersink the upper one.



- Use a DRILL PRESS to drill the 3/16" hole for the end of the milled slot.
- Use a MILLING MACHINE to cut the 3/16" slot be gentle, the cutters are \$35 each!

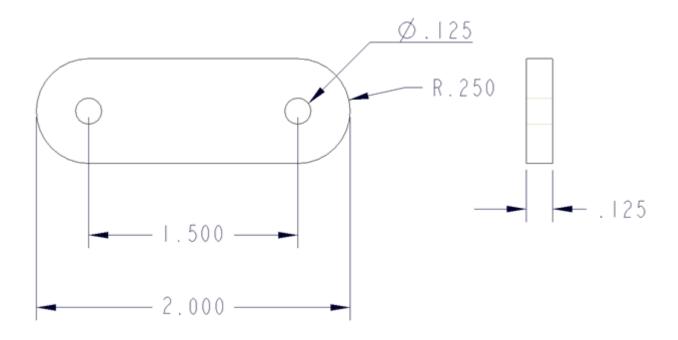
## PART 4 – U-Clip





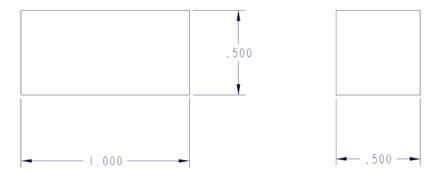
- Use a HACKSAW to cut a piece of 1/2" x 1/8" flat to a length of 3"
- Use a FILE to remove mill scale and draw file all surfaces
- Mark each bend lines 1/2" away from CENTER
- Bend the ends to 90°, tweak with pliers in a vise until they are parallel
- Layout, punch and drill the 1/8" holes, straight through, at the same time, so they are parallel with the bottom
- Countersink the holes
- Use a FILE to round off the ends of the legs

### PART 5 - Link



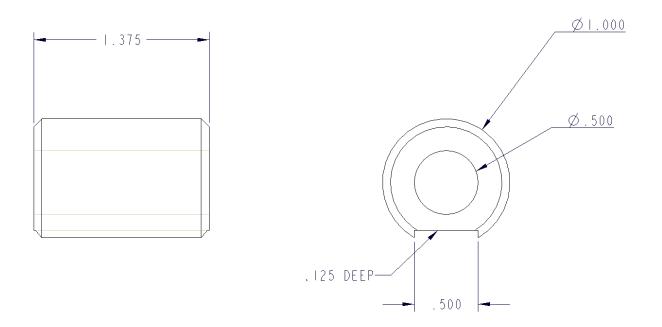
- Use a HACKSAW to cut a piece of 1/2" x 1/8" flat bar to 2" long
- Use a FILE to remove mill scale and draw file all surfaces
- Layout, punch and drill the 1/8" holes
- Use a FILE to round both ends and finish all surfaces

# PART 6 – Support Blocks



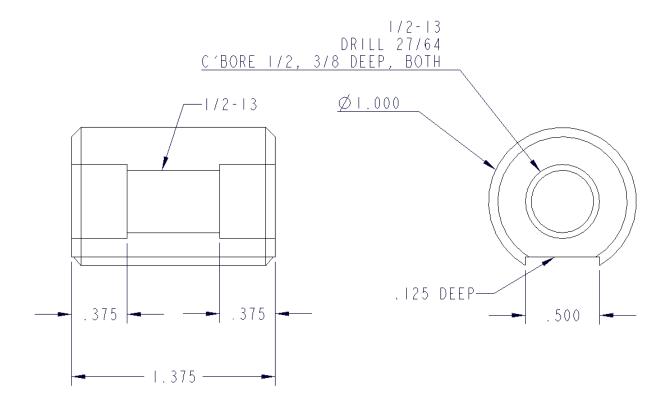
- Use a HACKSAW to cut two pieces of 1/2" x 1/2" to 1" long, each.
- Use a FILE to remove all mill scale and drawfile all surfaces.
- Bask in the simplicity of this component. You did make two, didn't you?

## PART 7 – Piston Cylinder



- Use a HACKSAW to cut a piece of 1" Round to 1-3/8" long.
- Use a LATHE to face off both ends, and CHAMFER the edges.
- Use a LATHE to center drill, pilot drill, and finish drill all the way through the center.
- Use a MILLING MACHINE to machine a slot, CENTERED, for the FULL-LENGTH, 1/8" deep.

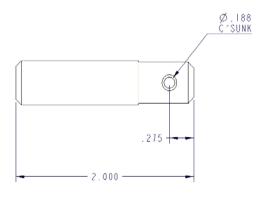
## PART 8 – Threaded Cylinder



- Use a HACKSAW to cut a piece of 1" Round to 1-3/8" long.
- Use a LATHE to face off both ends, and CHAMFER the edges.
- Use a LATHE to center drill, pilot drill, and drill 27/64" all the way through the center.
- Use a LATHE to COUNTER-BORE both ends with a 1/2" drill, 3/8" deep.
- Use the TAILSTOCK to help center a 1/2-13 TAP, and **WITHOUT POWER**, start threading the hole (finish in a vise).
- Use a MILLING MACHINE to machine a slot, CENTERED, for the FULL-LENGTH, 1/8" deep.

## PART 9 - Piston

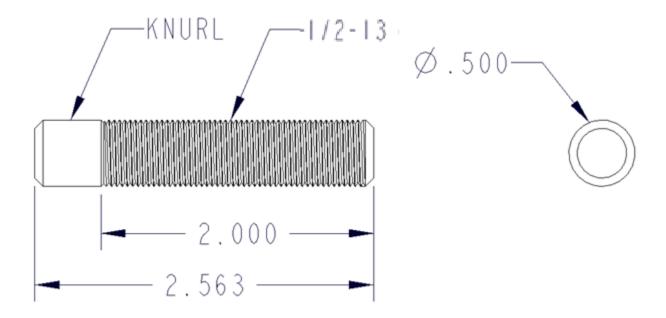






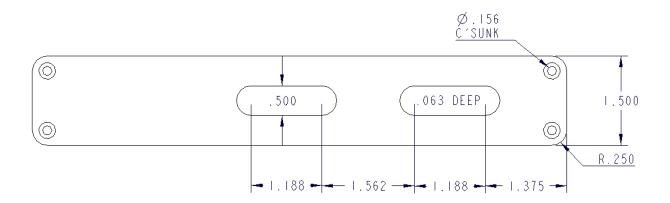
- Use a HACKSAW to cut a piece of 1/2" ROUND to 2" long.
- Use the LATHE to face off and chamfer both ends.
- Machine the non-slotted end slightly concave (this holds the nut better).
- Use a DRILL PRESS to drill the 1/8" hole, and countersink both sides.
- Use the MILLING MACHINE to mill a 3/16" slot, 5/8" deep. Only the bravest of the brave would use a HACKSAW for this.
- Use a FILE to remove any BURRS or sharp edges.

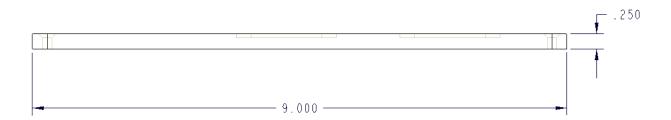
## PART 10 – Adjusting Screw



- Use a HACKSAW to cut a piece of 1/2" ROUND to 2-9/16" long.
- Use a LATHE to face and chamfer both ends.
- Machine one end slightly concave (this holds the nut better).
- Use the TAILSTOCK to help center a 1/2-13 Die, and WITHOUT POWER, start threading the concave end (finish in a vise).
- Place the now threaded end in the LATHE CHUCK, extending JUST ENOUGH to knurl 9/16" of the un-threaded end use motor oil (green can), SLOW lathe speed, and pressure.
- If the chuck damaged the threads at all, chase them with the die again.

### PART 11 - Base

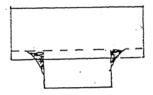




- Use a HACKSAW to cut a piece of 1-1/2 x 1/4" FLAT to 9" long.
- Use a FILE to remove all MILLSCALE and draw file all surfaces.
- Layout, and center punch the four holes.
- Use the center punch mark location to help scribe the rounded corners.
- Drill and countersink all four holes.
- Round off the corners.
- Layout the slots on one side.
- Use a MILLING MACHINE to machine the 1/2" slots, 1/16" deep.

#### **ASSEMBLY**

- Weld a SUPPORT BLOCK to the bottom of both CYLINDERS:
- Check that both the piston and the ADJUSTING SCREW and PISTON still fit through their respective cylinders before welding to base (chase with TAP, or DRILL before final welding).



- Only the coolest of the cool would drill 3/8" holes through the slots in the base, and PLUG WELD the CYLINDERS/SUPPORT-BLOCKS from the underside, so the welds would be invisible. For the rest of us mortals, weld them to the base at the ROUNDED ENDS of the slot.
- Use a HACKSAW to cut pieces of 1/8" ROD to attach the PISTON to the LINK and the LINK to the BLOCK and the BLOCK to the U-Clip. You will want them to protrude about 1/8" so you can peen the ends into the COUNTERSUNK holes.
- Use a BALL-PIEN HAMMER to pien the ends of the 1/8" rod not too tight, if it doesn't move, it's not going to work well, is it???
- Trial fit everything, and weld the U-CLIP to the base in a location that works nicely. TEST FIT TEST FIT TEST FIT TEST FIT. It's easier to change things before they are welded. Ask the coolest of the cool how they welded their U-Clips to the base.

(According to my computer design, the U-Clip will be about 6-3/4" from the end – let me know where yours ended up working best. "Design" doesn't always work in the "real world").